

# International Journal of Herbal Medicine

# Available online at www.florajournal.com



ISSN 2321-2187 IJHM 2014; 1 (6): 5-7 Received: 05-12-2013 Accepted: 30-12-2013

#### Karkala Manyitha

Department of Pharmacognosy, Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, Bangalore, India. Email: manvithall@gmail.com

#### Bhushan Bidya

Department of Pharma chemistry, M S Ramaiah College of Pharmacy, Bangalore, India.

# Review on pharmacological activity of Cymbopogon citratus

## Karkala Manvitha, Bhushan Bidya

#### ABSTRACT

Cymbopogon citratus belonging to the family Gramineae is an herb worldwide known as lemongrass. The prefix 'lemon' owes to its typical lemon like odor, which is mainly due to the presence of citral, a cyclic monoterpene. Cymbopogon citratus a fast growing, perennial aromatic grass is native to South India and Sri Lanka, now widely cultivated in the tropical areas of America and Asia. Freshly cut and partially dried leaves are used medicinally and are the source of the essential oil. The plant is used extensively in Ayurvedic medicine. Studies indicate that Cymbopogon citratus possesses various pharmacological activities such as anti-amoebic, anti-bacterial, anti-diarrheal, anti-filarial, anti-fungal and anti-inflammatory properties. Various other effects like anti-malarial, anti-mutagenicity, anti-mycobacterial, anti-oxidants, hypoglycemic and neurobehavioral have also been studied. These results are very encouraging and hence this literature review was intended to study about the plant more extensively to confirm these results and reveal other potential therapeutic effects.

**Keywords:** Cymbopogon citratus, pharmacological activity, essential oil.

#### 1. Introduction

Cymbopogon citrates staff is popularly known as citronella grass or lemongrass. This species belongs to the Gramineae family, which comprises approximately 500 genus and 8,000 herb species [1]. Lemon grass is a tufted perennial grass growing to a height of 1 meter with numerous stiff leafy stems arising from short rhizomatous roots. It has an economic lifespan for about 5 years [2]. The leaf-blade is linear, tapered at both ends and can grow to a length of 50 cm and width of 1.5 cm. The leaf-sheath is tubular in shape and acts as a pseudostem. Leaves are long, glaucous, green, linear tapering upwards and along the margins. This plant produces flowers at matured stages of growth. Conversely, flowering has never been observed under cultivation due to rapid harvesting time. The inflorescence is a long spike about 1 meter in length. Flowers borne on decompound spatheate; panicles 30 to over 60 cm long. The rhizome produces new suckers that extend vertically as tillers to form dense clumps [3,4].

### 2. Ethnobotany

Cymbopogon citratus is a great interest due to its commercially valuable essential oils and widely used in food technology as well as in traditional medicine. People nowadays are more aware on health issue due to the emergence of new diseases. Treatment using plant-based medicine appears to be an alternative approach due to the adverse effects associated with the use of synthetic drugs [5]. Lemongrass is a folk remedy for coughs, elephantiasis, flu, gingivitis, headache, leprosy, malaria, ophthalmic, pneumonia and vascular disorders. Studies have shown that the lemon grass has antibacterial and antifungal properties. Mixed with pepper, it's a home therapy for menstrual troubles and nausea. The lemon grass is a good cleanser that helps to detoxify the liver, pancreas, kidney, bladder and the digestive tract. It cuts down uric acid, cholesterol, excess fats and other toxins in the body while stimulating digestion, blood circulation, and lactation; it also alleviates indigestion and gastroenteritis. It is said that lemon grass also helps improve the skin by reducing acne and pimples and acts as a muscle and tissue toner. Also, it can reduce blood pressure. A recent study by the Food and Nutrition Research Institute of the department of Science and technology (DOES) showed lemon grass can help prevent cancer [6,7].

## 3. Phytochemistry and Pharmacology

The use of medicinal plants is part of a competitive market, which includes pharmaceuticals, food, cosmetics, and perfumery markets [8]. The chemical composition of the essential oil of

### Correspondence:

# Karkala Manvitha

Department of Pharmacognosy, Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, Bangalore, India. Email: manvithall@gmail.com

Cymbopogon citratus varies according to the geographical origin, the compounds as hydrocarbon terpenes, alcohols, ketones, esters and mainly aldehydes have constantly been registered. Lemon grass contains active ingredients like myrcene, an antibacterial and pain reliever, citronellal, citronellol and geraniol. The essential oil consists of, mainly, citral a volatile oil with strong lemon fragrance. Citral is a mixture of two stereoisomeric monoterpene aldehydes; the trans isomer geranial (40-62%) dominates over the cis isomer neral (25-38%) and is used in manufacture of perfumes, colored soaps and synthesis of Vitamin A [9,10].

- **3.1 Anti-microbial activity:** The ethanolic extracts of the leaves of Lemon grass showed potential antibacterial property against *Staphylococcus aureus*. Flavonoids and Tannins found in the extract are responsible for the activity [11].
- **3.2** Anti-fungal activity: Candida albicans is an important pathogen of human infections; moreover, other species can be associated with some infections. The anti-fungal activity of lemongrass and citral against Candida species was studied and the study showed that lemongrass oil and citral have a potent in vitro activity against Candida spp. [12].
- **3.3 Anti-protozoan activity:** The family Trypanosomatidae harbours protozoans that are agents of important illnesses in humans, animals and in plants. This family also includes some lower trypanosomatids such as *Crithidia*, *Blastocrithidia*, and *Herpetomonas*, monoxenous protozoans usually found in insect hosts. The essential oil extracted from *Cymbopogon citrates* showed anti-protozoan activity against *Crithidia deanei* [13].
- **3.4 Anti-oxidant activity:** The role of phenolic acid and flavonoids as natural anti-oxidants and free radical scavenger has been of interest due to their pharmacological behavior. Phenolic acids present in the plant showed the anti-oxidant profile <sup>[14]</sup>.
- **3.5 Anti-diarrhoeal activity:** In practice, the whole stalk and the leaf of lemongrass are boiled and the decoction is drunk to relieve the diarrhea. In view of its popular use in traditional medicine system, the anti-diarrheal efficacy of *C. citrates* stalk decoction and its main chemical constituent citral, was studied <sup>[15]</sup>.
- **3.6 Anti-mutagenic activity:** The ethanolic extract of lemongrass was found to possess anti-mutagenic properties towards chemical-induced mutation in *Salmonella typhimurium* strains TA98 and TA100 <sup>[16]</sup>.
- **3.7 Anti-Inflammatory activity:** Anti-Inflammatory Activity of *Cymbopogon citratus* leaf infusion in lip polysaccharidestimulated dendritic cells was studied and used for the treatment of inflammatory diseases, in particular of the gastrointestinal tract <sup>[17]</sup>.
- **3.8 Anti-malarial activity:** *In vivo* antimalarial activity of essential oil obtained from *Cymbopogon citratus* on mice infected with plasmodium berghei was studied <sup>[18]</sup>.
- **3.9 Anti-nociceptive activity:** Essential oil of *C. citrates* possesses a significant anti-nociceptive activity. Comparing the results Obtained with three different experimental models of nociception viz., hot-plate, acetic acid-induced writhing in mice, and formalin

test, essential oil acts both at the peripheral and central levels [19].

**3.10 Anti-hepatotoxic activity:** The aqueous leaf extracts of *Cymbopogon citrates* showed anti-hepatotoxic action against cisplatin induced hepatic toxicity in rats. Hence the extracts have the potential to be used for the management of hepatopathies and as a therapeutic adjuvant in cisplatin toxicity <sup>[20]</sup>.

### 4. Conclusion

Medicinal plants are very important to human beings in preserving our health. There is a growing interest in the pharmacological evaluation of various plants used in Indian traditional system of medicine. Lemongrass is a great interest due to its commercially valuable essential oils and widely used in food technology as well as in traditional medicine. Owing to the new attraction for natural products obtained from lemon grass a proper phytochemical and Pharmacological study is required, which shall open new pharmacological avenues for this magnificent plant which are helpful for clinical experimentation and also in the development of novel drugs.

#### 5. Reference

- Barbosa LCA, Pereira UA, Martinazzo AP, Maltha CRA, Teixeira RR, Melo EC. Evaluation of the Chemical Composition of Brazilian Commercial *Cymbopogon citratus* (D.C.) Staff Samples. Molecules 2008; 13:1864-1874.
- Carianne de Boer. Organic lemongrass, a guide for small holders. EPOPA (Export Promotion of Organic Products from Africa) 2005:1-27.
- 3. Tajidin NE, Ahmad SH, Rosenani AB, Azimah H, Munirah M. Chemical composition and citral content in lemongrass (*Cymbopogon citratus*) essential oil at three maturity stages. African Journal of Biotechnology 2012; 11(11):2685-2693.
- Lemongrass. Available from Available from: http://nhb.gov.in/Horticulture%20Crops%5CLemongrass%5CLemongrass1.htm. 17 Feb, 2014.
- Mirghani MES, Liyana Y, Parveen J. Bioactivity analysis of lemongrass (*Cymbopogon citratus*) essential oil. International Food Research Journal 2012; 19(2):569-575.
- Ojo OO, Kabutu FR, Bello M. Babayo Inhibition of paracetamol-induced oxidative stress in rats by extracts of lemongrass (*Cymbropogon citratus*) and green tea (*Camellia sinensis*) in rats. African Journal of Biotechnology 2006; 5(12):1227-1232.
- 7. Lemongrass. Available from: www. dehydrate2store.com, 2013.
- Rocha RP, Evandro DCM, Demuner AJ, Radunz LL, Corbin JJB. Influence of drying air velocity on the chemical composition of essential oil from lemon grass. African Journal of Food Science and Technology 2011; 2(6):132-139.
- 9. Shah G, Shri R, Panchal V, Sharma N, Singh B, Mann AS. Scientific basis for the therapeutic use of *Cymbopogon citratus*, staff (Lemongrass). Journal of advanced pharmaceutical technology and research 2011; 2(1):3-8.
- Antihypertensive Properties of Lemon Grass Leaf Biology Essay, www.ukessays.com. 14 Feb, 2014.
- 11. Danlami U, Rebecca A, Machan DB, Asuquo TS. Comparative study on the Antimicrobial activities of the Ethanolic extracts of Lemon grass and *Polyalthia longifolia*. Journal of Applied Pharmaceutical Science 2011; 01(09):174-176.
- 12. Silva CdeB, Guterres SS, Weisheimer V, Schapoval EE. Antifungal activity of the lemongrass oil and citral against *Candida* spp. Braz J Infect Dis 2008; 12(1).
- Pedroso RB, Nakamura TU, Filho BPD, Cortez DAG, Cortez LER, Morgado-diaz JA, Nakamura CV. Biological Activities of

- Essential Oil Obtained from *Cymbopogon citrates* on *Crithidia deanei*. Acta Protozool 2006; 45:231-240.
- Garg D, Muley A, Khare N, Marar T. Comparative Analysis of Phytochemical Profile and Antioxidant Activity of Some Indian Culinary Herbs. Research Journal of Pharmaceutical, Biological and Chemical Sciences 2012; 3(3):845-854.
- 15. Tangpu V, Yadav AK. Antidiarrhoeal activity of *Cymbopogon citrates* and its main constituent, citral. Pharmacologyonline 2006; 2:290-298.
- Vinitketkumnuen U, Puatanachokchai R, Kongtawelert P, Lertprasertsuke N, Matsushima T. Antimutagenicity of lemon grass (*Cymbopogon citratus*, Stapf) to various known mutagens in salmonella mutation assay. Mutat Res 1994; 341(1):71-5.
- Figueirinha A, Cruz MT, Francisco V, Lopes MC, and Batista MT. Anti-Inflammatory Activity of *Cymbopogon citratus* Leaf infusion in Lipopoly saccharide-Stimulated Dendritic Cells: Contribution of the Polyphenols. Journal of Medicinal Food 2010; 13(3):681-690.
- 18. Tchoumbougnang F, Zollo PH, Dagne E, Mekonnen Y. *In vivo* antimalarial activity of essential oils from *Cymbopogon citratus* and *Ocimum gratissimum* on mice infected with Plasmodium berghei. Planta Medica 2005; 71(1):20-3.
- 19. Viana GSB, Vale TG, Pinho RSN, Matos FJA. Antinociceptive effect of the essential oil from *Cymbopogon citratus* in mice. Journal of Ethnopharmacol 2000; 70(3):323-327.
- Arhoghro EM, Kpomah DE, Uwakwe AA. Curative Potential of Aqueous Extract of Lemon Grass (*Cymbopogon citratus*) on Cisplatin Induced Hepatotoxicity in Albino Wistar Rats. J Phys Pharm Adv 2012; 2(2):282-294.